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LIANGZHU MUSEUM

PART I

Liangzhu Museum, the core part of “Liangzhu Holy Land” and an important component of its landscape, consists of the main building and surrounding theme gardens.

The main building, designed by a world-renowned architect, becomes an indispensable collection of “Liangzhu Holy Land” due to its unique aesthetic value. of “Liangzhu Holy Land” due to its unique aesthetic value.

Interpreter: Yang Jiaojiao, Zhou Yiyu



PART II

But this place has more to offer than the average stuffy museum.

The second exhibition hall takes you back through time to a realistic forest where models of the Liangzhu people are busy with their daily activities, such as making pottery, carving jade, fishing, cooking, and building houses.

It has an entirely different feeling from the first hall and is a nice change of pace. This part of the museum is very child-friendly as well, with a special room full of interactive activities to educate and entertain.

And throughout, there are extensive English translations for your perusal. Another special feature of this museum is the building itself. It was designed by British architect David Chipperfield. In between the exhibition halls, there are interior courtyards where you can relax and enjoy the weather and the architecture. The museum is built over a lake and set in a large park.

EINSTEIN, NEWTON AND PASCAL

A bunch of great, DEAD Scientists were playing hide-and-seek in heaven. When it's Einstein's turn to be the seeker, he counted untill 100 and opened his eyes. All the others were hide, but only Newton were still standing there. Einstein walked to him and said: "Newton, I've got you!" Newton answered: "No. You didn't got Newton." Einstein said: "Then who are you!?" Newton said: "Look, where am I standing?" Einstein looked down and found that Newton was standing on a square floor board with one metre long and one metre wide. He didn't understand. Newton then said: "There's one square meters under my feet. It then make us 'Newton divided by square meter". So, what you've got is not Newton, but Pascal."

A NEW WAY TO DEFINE TIME

Ever since he was a kid growing up in Germany, Holger Müller has been asking himself a fundamental question: What is time? That question has now led Müller, today an assistant professor of physics at the University of California, Berkeley, to a fundamentally new way of measuring time. Taking advantage of the fact that, in nature, matter can be both a particle and a wave, he has discovered a way to tell time by counting the oscillations of a matter wave. A matter wave's frequency is 10 billion times higher than that of visible light...

PHYSICS SAVES LIVES

One day our professor was discussing a particularly complicated concept. A pre-med student rudely interrupted to ask, "Why do we have to learn this pointless information." "To save lives." the professor responded quickly and continued the lecture. A few minutes later, the same student spoke up again. "So how does physics save lives?" he persisted. "It keeps the ignoramuses like you out of medical school," replied the professor.



TIPS

for students:

9:00 | Yuquan Campus, ZJU

13:10-16:00 | Zhijiang Campus, ZJU

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On the morning of May 8th, contestants of the 16th APhO visited Zhejiang Museum of Natural History. The contestants are from all over the world -- some are from foreign countries like Russia, Romania, India and Singapore, while some are from Macao, China. Students are dazzled by and interested in the endless array of beautiful exhibits in the exhibition hall. They visit exhibits of dinosaur fossils, models of marine creatures, and specimens of insects in high spirits. All the models are lifelike and in the real size, and students are totally overwhelmed by this magnificent exhibition. Later, students come to a souvenir shop and buy some small items with local characteristics. The visit to Zhejiang Museum of National History has made an impression on the students, for novel exhibits have greatly broadened students' horizons. Laughter and cheerful chatting round off the perfect trip.



5.8 We go to the...

The essence of Zhejiang natural resources is embodied in this limited space. Museum of Natural History sincerely hopes that every visitor will love nature, cherish life and protect our homeland from now on.

PICTURES IN THE MUSEUM

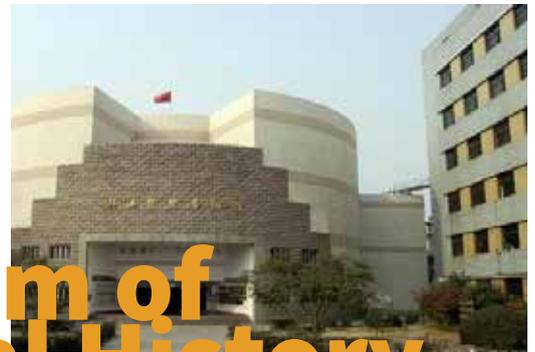


THREE QUESTIONS!

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THE HANGBANG FOOD IN DINNER?
answer1:well,really nice ! i like the maet(红绕肉) ..yeah..it's great!
2:so different!

HOW ABOUT OUR ZHEJIANG UNIVERSITY CAMPUS?
answer1:very green!
2:it's big and the air-conditioning is great!

WHAT ABOUT THE EXAMINATIONS?
answer1:ummmm...i think that one topic is not very well..
2.it's ok. the practice examination is interesting!



Museum of Natural History

Zhejiang Museum of Natural History is one of the longest-history museums created by Chinese people alone, and also the unique provincial museum mainly focusing on collections, exhibitions and research on specimens of life science and earth science.

Its precursor is the West Lake Museum established on a basis of the West Lake Exposition in 1929. According to historical materials, the grand exposition then contained eight departments and two institutions.

The museum, covering the maximum area at that time, was divided into several branch museums such as marine products, plants, insects, animals, minerals, zoo, Dayao Mountain (in Guangxi Province) and so forth. The exhibition enjoyed abundant species and numerous exhibits. The exposition left a profound influence, and it would be a great pity if exhibits were short of proper management. So the exposition applied to build the West Lake Museum by the provincial government and move part of exhibits to donate to the museum for memory and appreciation.